

REC'D 17 MAR 2005

WIPO

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

				r — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				
Applicant's or agent's file reference C1435.01/P				FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No.				International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)			Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/GB 03/04486				15.10.2003	·		16.10.2002	
	International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification (G02B21/00							
GUZ	.621/0	U					·	
L								
	Applicant							
PEF	PERKINELMER UK LIMITED et al.							
1.				mination report has beer applicant according to A			rnational Preliminary Examining	
	Auti	ority c	ind is transmitted to the	applicant according to 7	1111010 0	.		
2.	This	REPO	ORT consists of a total of	of 6 sheets, including th	is cover	sheet.		
	\boxtimes	This	report is also accompa	nied by ANNEXES, i.e. s	sheets o	of the description	on, claims and/or drawings which have	
		beer	amended and are the	basis for this report and n 607 of the Administrati	or sheet	ts containing r	ectifications made before this Authority	
		•			ive ilibili	uctions under t	the roll.	
	Thes	e anr	nexes consist of a total of	of 6 sheets.				
3.	This	repor	t contains indications re	elating to the following ite	ems:			
		⊠	Basis of the opinion					
	11		Priority					
	 HI	⊠	•	opinion with regard to no	oveltv. i	nventive step a	and industrial applicability	
	IV		Lack of unity of invent	•	every, inventive clop and industrial approaching			
	V ☐ Eack of unity of invention V ☐ Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
	VI		Certain documents cit					
	VII ☐ Certain documents ched VII ☐ Certain defects in the international application							
	VIII □ Certain observations on the international application							
L	,							
Date	Date of submission of the demand			Date of	completion of the	his report		
08.05.2004					24.02	.2005		
Non	Name and mailing address of the international					ized Officer		
preli	iminary	exam	ining authority:		~~	izeu Ombei	godfirthes Petenten.	
European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Wa						, S		
Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016						•	240 2547	
					i eleph	one No. +31 70	** Ottes ampo**	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/GB 03/04486

ı		Bas	is c	of 1	the	rei	oort
---	--	-----	------	------	-----	-----	------

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

Description, Pages									
	1-3	4	as orig	linally filed					
	Claims, Numbers								
	1-3	1	filed wi	ith telefax on 27.01.2005					
	Dra	wings, Sheets							
	1/15	5-15/15	as origi	inally filed					
2. With regard to the language, all the elements mar language in which the international application was				ments marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ication was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
		\Box the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1							
				ternational application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.	anslation furnish 3).	ned for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under					
With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international appli international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:									
		contained in the inte	rnational applica	ation in written form.					
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.							
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.							
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.							
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.							
		The statement that the listing has been furnitude.	he information re ished.	recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence					
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the ca	ancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:						
	×	the claims,	Nos.:	32-172					
		the drawings,	sheets:						

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

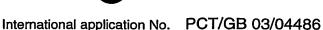
PCT/GB 03/04486

5.		This report has been establish been considered to go beyond	ed as I the d	ed as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).					
		(Any replacement sheet conta report.)	ining s	such amendr	nents must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this				
6.	Add	litional observations, if necessa	ıry:						
III.	Nor	n-establishment of opinion w	ith reg	jard to nove	lty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
1.	The obvi	e questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- vious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:							
		☐ the entire international application,							
	×	l claims Nos. 2-15, 17-31							
	because:								
		the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):							
		the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so uncle that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):							
		the claims, or said claims Nos could be formed.	. are s	o inadequate	ely supported by the description that no meaningful opinion				
	\boxtimes	no international search report	has be	en establish	ed for the said claims Nos. 2-15, 17-31				
2.	or a	eaningful international prelimin mino acid sequence listing to c ructions:	nnot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and and are provided for in Annex C of the Administrative						
		the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the Standard.							
		the computer readable form ha	as not	been furnish	ed or does not comply with the Standard.				
V.	Rea cita	easoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; tations and explanations supporting such statement							
1.	Stat	atement							
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1,16				
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1,16				
	Indu	ıstrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1,16				

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**



Re Item V

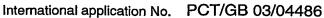
Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 1. For the reasons mentioned under item III, the reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability is limited to claims 1 and 16 (based on claims 1 and 97 as originally filed).
- 2. Reference is made to the following documents:

D2: US20020097490 A

D3: US4566029 A D4: US4910606 A D5: JP2266674 A

- The subject-matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 3.1 33(3) PCT. The document D2 discloses (see e.g. figure 19): A method of imaging light from a specimen (40) in which excitation light passes to the specimen via a confocal scanning system and light emitted by luminescence (see paragraphs [0221], [0222]) of the specimen passes in the other direction via the scanning system to an image capture device (46) having a sensor having discrete spatially distinct light sensitive regions (a CCD camera, see paragraph [0221]), and the scanning system is operated so as to scan the whole of an area of interest of the specimen, wherein the scanning system and the image capture device are controlled by a controller (86,78), so that the light emitted from the specimen is incident on the image capture device for a specific time period equal to that required for scanning the whole of the area of interest n times, where n is a whole number equal to or greater than 1 (i.e. the time periods determined by sectors 102a,102b etc. in fig 20).
- 3.2 A further feature of claim 1 is that "the scanning system, and the excitation light and/or the image capture device are controlled by a controller programmed to act as a state machine". The term "state machine" refers to a very general model in computer science which may be implemented in many ways. The application gives one detailed implementation of a state machine (page 26, final paragraph, pages 27-32 and fig 4). However, many other implementations are possible, and in particular it is well known that a general purpose digital computer can be regarded as satisfying all the defining criteria of a "state machine", and therefore one possible implementation of a "state machine" is a

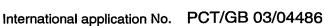


EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

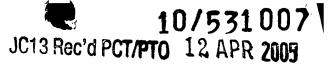
computer, e.g. computer (18) in figure 19 of D2. Hence in D2 the scanning system and the image capture device are controlled by a controller which is programmed to act as a state machine.

- 3.3 Claim 1 therefore differs from D2 in that the scanning system and the excitation light and/or the image capture device are controlled by a controller, so that the light emitted from the specimen is only incident on the image capture device for a specific time period equal to that required for scanning the whole of the area of interest n times, where n is a whole number equal to or greater than 1.
- 3.4 In D2, outside the scanning periods relatively little light will be reflected from the disk to the image capture device (as a result of the black sectors, e.g. 102d,102e,102f in fig 20), but other light (e.g stray light coming directly from the source (30) in fig 19) may still still be incident on the image capture device even in the non-scanning periods.
- 3.5 It is commonly known in the field of video imaging that solid state image capture devices. such as the CCDs of D2, suffer from a problem referred to as "smear", "dark charge" or "dark current", whereby during the charge transfer period when the camera should not be performing an exposure operation, light incident on the device nevertheless results in some extra unwanted charge being produced which is detrimental to the image. The problem associated with claim 1 may therefore be seen as reducing image errors (see the description of the present application, page 6, paragraph 2).
- A solution to this problem is also well known in the art, namely to allow light to be incident on the image capture device only in the exposure periods, and to prevent light from being incident on the image capture device in the non-exposure periods. In implementing such a solution in the context of D2, it would be obvious for the skilled person to use the control arrangements (78,86) to apply the appropriate synchronization signals. Hence, starting from D2 and applying this commonly known solution to overcome the above-mentioned problem of "smear", the person skilled in the art would arrive, in an obvious manner, at the features of claim 1. Hence claim 1 lacks inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).
- 3.7 For purposes of illustration, the following documents provide examples of overcoming the problem of "smear" by preventing light from being incident on the image capture device in the non-exposure periods:

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY InterrEXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET



- D3: uses rotary chopper (see abstract, figures).
- D4 uses LC, PLZT, mechanical or rotary shutter (see column 6, lines 28-33)
- D5 uses LC shutter (see abstract, figures).
- 4. The features of Independent apparatus claim 16 correspond to those of method claim 1, and hence claim 16 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT for the reasons given above, *mutatis mutandis*.
- 5. Furthermore, it is pointed out that claim 1 implies that light is only incident on the image capture device for "a specific time period". In the description it appears that light is incident on the image capture device during several time periods corresponding to periodic exposures (see e.g fig 6a). This contradiction between the claims and description is contrary to Article 6 PCT.



"Express Mail" mailing label number
EV 588864740 US

Date of deposit: April 12, 2005

I have caused that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Minnie Wilson

(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)

(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)